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Whitehall, September 2.

THIS Morning a Meſſenger arrived at the Earl of Holderneſſe's Office, with Letters from His Majeſty's Miniſter Plenipotentiary at the Hague, dated laſt Thurſday Morning, giving an Account, That the ſame Morning early an Expreſs was arrived there from the King of Pruſſia's Army on the Frontiers of Poland, with Authentick Advice, dated from the Field of Battle, that on the 25th paſt, at Nine o'Clock in the Morning, his Pruſſian Majeſty had attacked the Ruſſian Army, and, after an Engagement which laſted till the Evening, had entirely defeated them; that Fifteen Thouſand Ruſſians had been left on the Field of Battle; and that their Military Cheſt, all their Artillery, and three Lieutenant Generals, had been taken. The Pruſſians had loſt about three Thouſand, killed and wounded: And the only General Officer on their Side, who had had any Accident, was Major General Kahlden, who was ſlightly wounded. The King of Pruſſia had detached all his Cavalry in Purſuit of the Enemy.

A particular Relation of this important Event is hourly expected.

Kenſington, September 2.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Common Council, of the City of Exeter, having been tranſmitted by J. Elliott, Eſq; Mayor of Exeter, to the Right Honourable Mr. Secretary Pitt, has by him been preſented to His Majeſty: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen, and Common Council, of the City of Exeter, in Chamber aſſembled, humbly beg Leave to approach Your Royal Throne, with our warmeſt and moſt ſincere Congratulations on thoſe ſignal and repeated Succeſſes, with which it hath pleaſed Almighty God to diſtinguiſh the Juſtice of Your Majeſty's Arms againſt the common Diſturber of the Peace of Europe.

That moſt important Fortreſs and Harbour of Louiſbourg, lately the Dread of our Colonies and Fiſheries, is now become their Bulwark. No longer alarmed at threatened Invaſions, we now ſpread the Terror of our Arms through thoſe Coaſts which had hitherto boaſted of being beyond the Reach of Inſult. The Reputation of the Britiſh Navy hath been retrieved and carried to the higheſt Pitch by the late Action in the Mediterranean; and the Reduction of the French Settlements on the River Senegal hath opened a new and advantageous Branch of Trade to your Majeſty's Subjects.

Events, like theſe, will diſtinguiſh with Glory the Annals of Your Majeſty's Reign, and be a laſting Monument of the Wiſdom and Steadineſs of the Counſels by which they were concerted, and of the Conduct and Bravery of the Commanders intruſted with the Execution. From the continued Purſuit of the like prudent and vigorous Meaſures; from that remarkable Unanimity and uncommon Zeal with which the whole Nation is united in Support of the publick Intereſts; from the Ardour and Intrepidity, which animate Your Majeſty's Fleets and Armies; and, above all, from an humble Confidence in the Divine Protection and Aſſiſtance, we cannot but form the moſt pleaſing Expectations, that our haughty Enemy will, at length, be obliged to ſubmit to the Terms of a ſafe and equitable Peace.

With this Proſpect before us, may we be permitted to indulge our Hopes, that the moſt valuable of theſe Acquiſitions will, for the Future, remain a Part of the Britiſh Dominions, as a reaſonable Security againſt the Perfidy of that Nation, whoſe reſtleſs Ambition no Treaties have been hitherto found ſufficient to reſtrain.

In the mean Time we beg Leave to aſſure Your Majeſty, that we ſhall, with the utmoſt Chearfulneſs, contribute every Aſſiſtance in our Power, in Support of Your Majeſty and Your Auguſt Family on the Throne of theſe Kingdoms, and towards carrying on with Vigour that juſt and neceſſary War, in which Your Majeſty has ſo generouſly engaged, in Vindication of the Religion, the Liberties, the Commerce, and the indiſputable Rights of the Britiſh Nation.

Turin, Auguſt 16. The Right Honourable the Earl of Briſtol, His Britannick Majeſty's Ambaſſador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the King of Spain, having taken his Audiences of Leave of the King of Sardinia, their Royal Highneſſes the Duke and Dutcheſs of Savoy, and the reſt of the Royal Family, ſet out from hence very early on Tueſday Morning for Genoa, where his Excellency will embark immediately on Board His Majeſty's Ship the Monmouth, and ſail with the firſt fair Wind to Alicant.

Whitehall

Whitehall Treasury Chambers, Dec. 1, 1757.

WHEREAS adhering to the King's Enemies, by giving to them Aid or Comfort, either within his Realm, or elsewhere, is High Treason, and the Concealment thereof is Misprision of Treason;

And Whereas the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury have received Information, That a Loan of Money for that Purpose is at this Time negociating in this Kingdom; Their Lordships do hereby promise a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds to any Person, by whose Discovery any Subject of His Majesty, or any Person residing within this Realm, shall be convicted of lending or advancing directly or indirectly, or of causing or procuring to be so lent or advanced, or of subscribing for, or contributing to, or of soliciting or contracting for or remitting, either in Coin or Bullion, or by Bill or Bills of Exchange, or by any other Means whatsoever, any Sum or Sums of Money, to or for the Use or Purpose aforesaid. The said Reward to be paid immediately on the Conviction of every such Offender, by the Solicitor of the Treasury, without Deduction, their Lordships having given Directions for the immediate Prosecution of such Offenders.

Admiralty-Office, August 8, 1758.

MY Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, having received authentick Information, that a Dutch Ship named the City of Rotterdam, whereof Warner Pieterson was Master, laden with different Kinds of Merchandize; and also with the Baggage, consisting of very valuable Effects, of the Marquis de Pignatelli, Minister from the Court of Spain to the Court of Denmark, and having likewise on Board his Household Steward, Confectioner, and Cook, and also the Coachman of the Danish Ambassador residing at Paris; and being bound from Rouen to Rotterdam, was, in the Course of her said Voyage, on the 30th Day of June last, boarded three several Times, by the Crews, or Parts of the Crews, of three different English Ships or Vessels, pretending to be Privateers; and that some of the Crew of one of the said English Vessels, (which had two Masts) went on Board the said Dutch Ship, about Six o'Clock in the Morning of the said Day, and after searching her, took and unlawfully carried away with them two Oars, one Boat Hook, and a Dutch Cheese: And that about Nine o'Clock the same Morning, Ten of the Crew of another of the said English Vessels, (being a Cutter, or one Mast Sloop) went armed with Cutlasses, Pistols and Hatchets, on Board the said Dutch Ship, and after examining the Papers, they by Violence forced open the Hatchways, and went into the said Ship's Hold, and there broke open two Trunks belonging to the said Marquis de Pignatelli, wherein were rich Cloths, and laced Liveries, which they took and carried away, to their own Ship: And that about Two o'Clock in the Afternoon of the same Day, the Commander, who was a young Man, and wore a Gold laced Hat, together with some of the Crew of another of the said English Vessels, (being a Cutter, or single Mast Sloop, mounted with four Guns) came armed as aforesaid, on Board the said Dutch Ship, and after examining the Ship's Papers, and those of the Passengers, pretended the same were False and Counterfeit, and then went into the said Ship's Hold, and began to plunder the Effects there; and that whilst they were so doing, the Crew of the aforesaid English Vessel, which Boarded the said Dutch Ship about Nine o'Clock that Morning, returned again, and joined those who were then in the said Ship's Hold, and that then both the said Crews in Conjunction, committed very great Outrages, by breaking open all the said Marquis de Pignatelli's Cases, and Trunks, and taking and carrying away all the valuable Effects, which were in six of the said Cases and Trunks, and destroying or damaging the Rest of those Effects; and then falling upon his the said Minister's Officers, and beating them in a very cruel and shameful Manner, and stripping them of their Cloths, and carrying the same off, together with their Letters of Credit, and a Bill of Exchange.

Their Lordships therefore, in order to discover and bring to Justice, the Persons guilty of the Piratical Offences above-mentioned, are pleased to promise a Reward of FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS, without any Deduction, unto, or amongst such Person or Persons as shall, within three Months from this Time, discover any two or more of the Offenders concerned in committing the Piracies abovementioned, so as such Offenders shall be apprehended and duly convicted thereof: Which Reward shall be paid by Samuel Seddon, Esq; Solicitor of the Admiralty, immediately after the Conviction of such Offenders.

And as a further Encouragement, any of the said Offenders, (other than, and except, the respective Commander or Commanders of any of the abovementioned English Ships or Vessels) who shall discover and prosecute to Conviction, any two or more of the said Offenders, shall be likewise entitled to His Majesty's most Gracious Pardon.

J. Clevland.

Admiralty-Office, August 14, 1758.

MY Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty having received many repeated Complaints of divers outragious Acts of Piracy committed on Board great Numbers of neutral Ships, sailing in the English Channel, by the Crews of Ships and Vessels pretending to be English Privateers;

Their Lordships therefore, in order to detect and bring to Justice the Persons guilty of such Offences, in Violation of the Laws of Nations in general, and of this Kingdom in particular, are pleased to promise a Reward of FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS, unto or amongst such Person or Persons as shall, within three Months from this Time, discover any two or more of the Offenders guilty of any such Acts of Piracy as aforesaid, so as such Offenders shall be apprehended and duly convicted thereof; which Reward, shall be paid, clear of all Deductions whatsoever, by Samuel Seddon, Esq; Solicitor of the Admiralty, immediately after the Conviction of such Offenders.

And as a further Encouragement, any of the said Offenders, (other than and except the respective Commander or Commanders of any such Piratical Ships or Vessels) who shall discover, and prosecute to Conviction, any two or more of the said Offenders, shall likewise be intitled to His Majesty's most Gracious Pardon.

J. Clevland.

Navy Office, August 21, 1758.

The Principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy give Notice, that on Tuesday the 5th of next Month, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, Commissioner Hughes will expose to Sale at the Pay Office in His Majesty's Yard at Portsmouth, Several Parcels of old Stores, consisting of old Hammacoes, old Rope & Paper Stuff, short Pieces of old Rope, in Tails, &c. Shakings Hemp Rubbish, and white Oakum, (in 32 Lots) where any Persons willing to become Purchasers may have the Liberty of Viewing them at any Time in the working Hours of the said Yard, 'till the Day of Sale; and as a Deposit of 25 per Cent. or in that Proportion, is to be made by the Persons who shall purchase the said Lots, all Persons that shall attend the said Sale are to take Notice thereof, and come prepared for that Purpose; and unless the Stores so purchased shall be paid for and taken away at the End of Forty Days after the Day of Sale, the Deposit shall be forfeited, and become the Property of the Crown.

Navy Office, August 31, 1758.

The principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy give Notice, that there is in the Hands of the Treasurer of the Navy, Money for paying all Bills registered in the Course of the Navy to the Month of March

March, 1758, in order that the Proprietors of, or such Persons as are legally empowered to receive the same, may bring them to this Office to be assigned for Payment accordingly.

Victualling Office, August 30, 1758.

The Commissioners for Victualling His Majesty's Navy do hereby give Notice, that on Wednesday the 27th of September next, exactly at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, they will be ready to treat for Oxen and Hogs for Sea Store for the Ports of London, Portsmouth, Plymouth, and Dover; and that none of the Oxen for the Port of London are to weigh less than seven Hundred Weight each; nor the Hogs for the said Port less than one Hundred Weight each.

Victualling Office, August 31, 1758.

The Commissioners for Victualling His Majesty's Navy do hereby give Notice, that there is Money in the Hands of the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, to pay Interest and Non-Interest Bills, registered in the Course of the Victualling in the Month of March, 1758, in order that the Proprietors of, or such Persons as may be legally empowered to receive the said Bills, may bring them to this Office to be assigned for Payment.

Victualling Office, Sept. 1, 1758.

The Commissioners for Victualling His Majesty's Navy do hereby give Notice, that on Wednesday the 4th of October next, exactly at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, they will be ready to treat with such Persons as may be willing to contract for furnishing such of His Majesty's Ships and Vessels with Provisions as may touch at Milford Haven, and be in Want thereof. The Conditions of the Contract may be seen at the Secretary's Office at the Victualling Office, London, or by applying to the Collector of His Majesty's Customs at Haverfordwest.

Tower of London, August 31, 1758.

The Principal Officers of His Majesty's Ordnance do hereby give Notice, That on Thursday next, the 7th of September, they will be ready to treat with the Masters or Owners of Ships for the Freight of about 340 Tons of Stores to Nova Scotia.

Belvoir Castle, August 28, 1758.

Whereas at a Meeting held at Leicester, in Pursuance of a former Advertisement, to receive the Names of such Gentlemen as were willing to accept of Commissions as Officers in the Militia of the County of Leicester, no Gentlemen did then offer themselves, nor have since that Time offered to accept of Commissions in the said Militia, Notice is hereby given by His Majesty's Lieutenant, that all further Proceeding for raising the Militia of the said County, will be suspended until the 25th Day of March 1759.

RUTLAND.

Reading, August 14, 1758.

Whereas the Duke of St. Albans, His Majesty's Lieutenant of the County of Berks, did, by Advertisement in the London Gazette, and other Weekly News Papers usually circulated in the said County, desire all Persons, qualified to serve as Officers in the Militia of the said County, and willing to accept of Commissions therein, to meet at the Town Hall at Reading, on this Day, in order that every Person so qualified, and willingly to accept any such Commission, might deliver his Name in Writing, or cause it to be delivered to His Majesty's said Lieutenant, or, in Case of his Absence, to such Person as should be authorized by such Lieutenant to receive the same, specifying also the Rank in which he was willing to serve. And whereas Lord Henry Beauclerk, in the Absence of the Duke of St. Albans, and authorized by him to receive the Names of Persons qualified and willing to accept of Commissions in the said Militia, did attend at the said Meeting this Day, and several Gentlemen did appear and deliver in their Names to serve as Officers in the said Militia; yet for the more effectual carrying into Execution the Acts of Parliament lately passed relating to the Militia, it is desired that such Persons, who are qualified and willing to serve as Officers in the said Militia, and have not already delivered in their Names, will deliver, or cause their Names to be delivered in at another Meeting to be held for that Purpose, at the Town Hall in Reading, on Tuesday the 5th Day of September next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon.

H. BEAUCLERK.

Landshipping, August 15, 1758.

Whereas a sufficient Number of Gentlemen have not this Day offered to serve as Officers in the Militia for the County of Pembroke, with the Town and County of the Town of Haverfordwest; Therefore His Majesty's Lieutenant for the same, hereby gives Notice, that there will be a further Meeting at the Angel Inn in Haverfordwest, on Tuesday the 12th Day of September next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon; when such Gentlemen, as are willing to accept of Commissions in the said Militia, are desired to deliver in their Names in Writing to the said Lieutenant, or such Person as shall be by him authorized to receive the same, specifying also the Rank in which they are severally willing to serve. And the Deputy Lieutenants are also desired to meet at the same Time and Place, being the General Meeting.

W. OWEN.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company now or late belonging to His Majesty's Ship Squirrel, Hyde Parker, Esq; late Commander, who were actually on Board her at the taking the Tres Venerable, a French Privateer, that they will be paid their respective Shares of the said Privateer, on Board His Majesty's Ship Brilliant, Hyde Parker, Esq; Commander, on the said Ship's Arrival at Spithead: And that the Recalls will be made at the French Horn and Dolphin in Crutched Fryers, (after the first Payment on Board the said Brilliant) on the first Thursday in every Month for one Year, and on the first Thursday in every three Months for two Years after, between the Hours of Twelve and Two.

Advertisements.

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